

#### **USDA Foreign Agricultural Service**

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# **EU-25**

# **Livestock and Products**

# **EU Approves €193 Million to Fight Animal Diseases** in 2007

# 2006

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#### **Report Highlights:**

The European Commission approved a budget of €193 million to fight animal diseases in Europe in 2007. This is a slight increase in funding for the 155 programs covered compared to 2006. Monitoring and eradication of TSE's again obtains the largest funding with €128.8 million. Priority is focused on zoonotic diseases, while Avian Influenza is new. For the control of salmonella in poultry €9.1 million has been budgeted.

Includes PSD Changes: No Includes Trade Matrix: No Unscheduled Report Brussels USEU [BE2] For 2007, the European Commission approved a financial package of €193 million to fight animal diseases in the EU. The 155 programs, which were approved, will tackle animal diseases that impact both human and animal health.

### Animal disease eradication programs

For 2007, 47 programs to eradicate 10 major animal diseases were approved for Community financial support. The total EU contribution to these programs is €52,997,000.

Priority is given to the eradication of diseases that are transmittable to humans, including brucellosis, tuberculosis and rabies. Special emphasis is given to fighting rabies in the New Member States, for which almost €12 million has been allocated, after successful campaigns in previous years have virtually eradicated this disease in the western part of Europe.

#### **Zoonoses control programs**

A financial contribution of €9,117,000 to control zoonotic salmonella in 18 Member States has been allocated for 2007, which is more than a doubling compared to 2006.

#### Avian Influenza (AI) surveillance

Continued surveillance by member states for AI in poultry and wild birds will also continue in 2007 with a financial assistance from the EU of over €2 million for laboratory testing. This surveillance has proven in 2006 to be an effective way to detect early outbreaks of high and low pathogenic AI in wild birds before commercial flocks became infected.

#### TSE monitoring and eradication programs

For the monitoring of BSE and TSE's in 2007, the EC will make €88,463,000 available from the EU budget. That includes financial support for rapid tests for the detection of TSE in cattle, sheep, goats and for the first time deer, as well as discriminatory tests to exclude BSE in small ruminants. For BSE eradication across Europe, the EU will decrease co-funding to €5,400,000, a 40 percent decrease from 2006 in line with the decreases in BSE incidences.

For compulsory Scrapie eradication measures, as well as for breeding programs, which were established for TSE resistance in sheep, €33,592,000 is provided in EU funding.

#### Annex I: List of programs for the eradication and monitoring of animal diseases

Rate and maximum amount of the Community financial contribution

Disease	Member State	Rate	Maximum amount (EUR)
Aujeszkys disease	Belgium	50%	250 000
	Spain	50%	350 000
Bluetongue	Spain	50%	4 900 000
	France	50%	160 000
	Italy	50%	1 300 000
	Portugal	50%	600 000
Bovine brucellosis	Spain	50%	3 500 000
	Ireland	50%	1 100 000
	Italy	50%	2 000 000
	Cyprus	50%	95 000
	Poland	50%	300 000
	Portugal	50%	1 600 000

Classical swine fever	United Kingdom <sup>[1]</sup> Spain Italy Poland Portugal Germany	50% 50% 50% 50%	3 000 000 2 500 000 1 100 000
Classical swine fever	Italy Poland Portugal	50% 50%	2 500 000
Classical swine fever	Poland Portugal		
Classical swine fever	Portugal		
	Gormany	JU /0	450 000
		50%	800 000
	France	50%	500 000
	Luxembourg	50%	35 000
	Slovenia	50%	25 000
	Slovakia	50%	400 000
	Estonia	50%	20 000
	Italy Latvia	50% 50%	400 000 35 000
	Lithuania	50%	135 000
	Poland	50%	2 300 000
	Portugal	50%	225 000
Ovine and caprine brucellosis	Greece	50%	650000
	Spain	50%	5000000
	France	50%	200000
	Italy	50%	4000000
	Cyprus	50%	120000
	Portugal	50%	1600000
Poseidom <sup>[2]</sup>	France <sup>[3]</sup>	50%	50 000
Rabies	Czech Republic	50%	490 000
	Germany	50%	850 000
	Estonia	50%	925 000
	Latvia	50%	1 200 000
	Lithuania	50% own territory; 100% border	600 000
	Hungary	areas	1 850 000
	Austria Poland	50% 50%	185 000 4 850 000
	Slovenia	50%	375 000
	Slovakia	50%	500 000
	Finland	50%	112 000
African swine fever/Classical swine fever	Italy	50%	140 000
Swine vesicular disease	Italy	50%	120 000
	Belgium	50%	66 000
	Czech Republic	50%	74 000
	Denmark	50%	160 000
	Germany	50%	243 000
	Estonia	50%	40 000
	Greece	50%	42 000
	Spain	50%	82 000
	France Ireland	50% 50%	280 000 59 000
	Italy	50%	510 000
	Cyprus	50%	15 000
	Latvia	50%	15 000
	Lithuania	50%	12 000
	Luxembourg	50%	10 000
	Hungary	50%	110 000
	Malta	50%	5 000
	Netherlands	50%	126 000
	Austria	50%	42 000
	Poland	50%	87 000
	Portugal	50%	121 000
	Slovenia	50%	32 000
	Slovakia	50%	21 000
	Finland	50%	27 000
	Sweden	50%	130 000
	United Kingdom	50%	275 000
TOTAL			55 581 000

# ANNEX II: List of programs of checks aimed at the prevention of zoonoses

Rate and maximum amount of the Community financial contribution

Zoonosis	Member State	Rate	Maximum amount (EUR)
Salmonella	Belgium	50%	660 000
	Czech Republic	50%	330 000
	Denmark	50%	250 000
	Germany	50%	175 000
	Estonia	50%	27 000
	Greece	50%	60 000
	Spain	50%	2 000 000
	France	50%	875 000
	Ireland	50%	175 000
	Italy	50%	320 000
	Cyprus	50%	40 000
	Latvia	50%	60 000
	Hungary	50%	60 000
	Netherlands	50%	1 350 000
	Austria	50%	80 000
	Poland	50%	2 000 000
	Portugal	50%	450 000
	Slovakia	50%	205 000
TOTAL			9 117 000

#### **ANNEX** III: List of programs for the monitoring of TSEs

Rate and maximum amount of the Community financial contribution

Disease	Member State	Rate rapid tests & discriminatory tests performed	Maximum amount (EUR)
SEs			2 084 00
	Belgium	100 %	1 059 00
	Czech Republic	100 %	1 680 00
	Denmark .	100 %	11 307 00
	Germany	100 %	233 00
	Estonia	100 %	1 827 00
	Greece	100 %	10 237 00
	Spain	100 %	24 815 00
	France	100 %	6 755 00
	Ireland	100 %	3 375 00
	Italy	100 %	348 00
	Cyprus	100 %	312 00
	Latvia	100 %	645 00
	Lithuania	100 %	146 00
	Luxembourg	100 %	784 00
	Hungary	100 %	90 00
	Malta	100 %	5 112 00
	Netherlands	100 %	1 759 00
	Austria	100 %	3 744 00
	Poland	100 %	2 115 00
	Portugal	100 %	308 00
	Slovenia	100 %	1 088 00
	Slovakia	100 %	839 00
	Finland	100 %	2 020 00
	Sweden	100 %	6 781 00
	United Kingdom	100 %	
		Tot	al 89 463 00

#### ANNEX IV: List of programs for the eradication of BSE

Rate and maximum amount of the Community financial contribution

Disease	Member State	Rate	Maximum amount (EUR)
SE			
	Belgium	50 % culling	50 00
	Czech Republic	50 % culling	750 00
	Denmark	50 % culling	51 00
	Germany	50 % culling	500 00
	Estonia	50 % culling	98 00
	Greece	50 % culling	750 00
	Spain	50 % culling	713 00
	France	50 % culling	50 00
	Ireland	50 % culling	800 00
	Italy	50 % culling	150 00
	Luxembourg	50 % culling	100 00
	Netherlands	50 % culling	60 00
	Austria	50 % culling	48 00
	Poland	50 % culling	328 00
	Portugal	50 % culling	305 00
	Slovenia	50 % culling	25 00
	Slovakia	50 % culling	250 00
	Finland	50 % culling	25 00
	United Kingdom	50 % culling	347 00
		Total	5 400 00

#### ANNEX V: List of programs for the eradication of scrapie

Rate and amount of the Community financial contribution

Scrapie		Rate	Maximum amount (EUR)
oci apie			99 000
-	Belgium	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	107 000
	Czech Republic	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	927 000
	Germany	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	13 000
	Estonia	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	1 306 000
	Greece	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	5 374 000
	Spain	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	8 862 000
	France	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	629 000
	Ireland	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	3 076 000
	Italy	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	2 200 000
	Cyprus	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	28 000
	Luxembourg	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	332 000
	Hungary	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	543 000
	Netherlands	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	14 000
	Austria	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	716 000
	Portugal	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	83 000
	Slovenia	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	279 000
	Slovakia	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	11 000
	Finland	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	6 00
	Sweden	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	9 178 000
	United Kingdom	50 % culling; 50% genotyping	

United Kingdom only as regards Northern Ireland
Heartwater, babesiosis and anaplasmosis transmitted by vector insects in the French overseas departments.

France only as regards Guadeloupe, Martinique and Réunion

The complete text of the press release, announcing this plan to fight animal diseases in 2007, can be found at

 $\frac{http://europa.eu.int/rapid/pressReleasesAction.do?reference=IP/06/1368\&format=HTML\&aged=0\&language=EN$ 

Additionally, the TSE regulations can be found at <a href="http://useu.usmission.gov/agri/srm.html">http://useu.usmission.gov/agri/srm.html</a>.

**Visit our website:** our website <a href="http://useu.usmission.gov/agri/">http://useu.usmission.gov/agri/</a> provides a broad range of useful information on EU import rules and food laws and allows easy access to USEU reports, trade information and other practical information.

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#### **Related reports from USEU**

Report number	Title	Date
E36122	EU Mid-year 2006 BSE update	09/22/06
E36049	BSE/TSE situation in the EU-25 - update on 2005	03/20/06
E35229	EU Approves €185 Million to Fight Animal Diseases in 2006	12/02/05
E35164	EC presents TSE roadmap	08/23/05

These reports can be accessed through our website <a href="http://useu.usmission.gov/agri/">http://useu.usmission.gov/agri/</a> or through the FAS website <a href="http://www.fas.usda.gov/scriptsw/attacherep/default.asp">http://www.fas.usda.gov/scriptsw/attacherep/default.asp</a>.